



THE USE OF ICT AND THE FLIPPED LEARNING METHODOLOGY TO CLOSE THE SUBJECT'S PRACTICES TO THE LABOUR MARKET

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Learning innovation Project INVIERTE-PRACTIC finantially supported by University of Leon

Background

The starting point

 Agenda for the Higher Education Modernization, 2014 (EACEA, 2014)

PRIORITY: to adjust the higher education studies to the labour market promoting the entrepreneurial spirit and enhancing the links between education, research and enterprise

 Spanish National Agency for the Higher Education Quality (2016)

ADVICE: to reinforce the actions to close the studies to the professional sectors in order to support the students in their access to the labour market





Background

The problem

The student's satisfaction report (Quality Office of Spanish Public Universities) highlight the following needs:

- To improve the practical activities included in the face-toface teaching hours "subject practices"
- To adapt the subject practices to the learning competences and to the professional profile

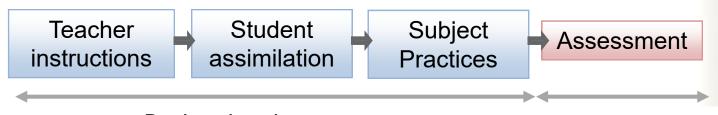




Background

The proposed innovation: **flipped learning** in **real** cases of the enginering sector

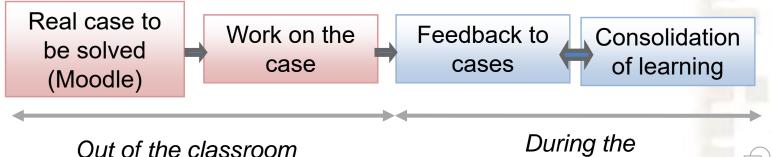
Conventional learning



During the classroom

Out of the classroom

Flipped learning



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During the classroom

Objectives

To adapt the subject practices of engineering studies to the learning competences and to the professional profile using flipped classroom, by the resolution of real study cases with ICT.

Specific objectives:

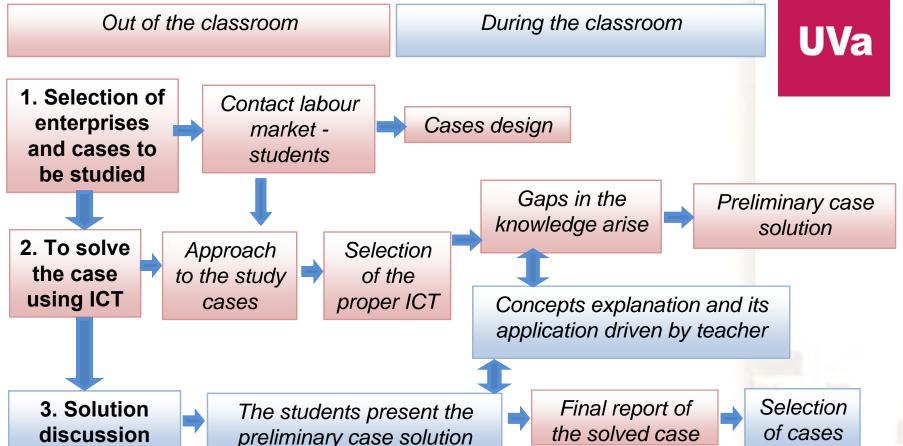
- To put in contact the students to the labour market through the subject practices
- To solve real cases from enterprises, in order to bring the subject concepts to the students, according to the flipped classroom methodology
- To facilitate the interaction between the students and enterprises giving solutions to problems by the use of ICTs





Methodology and structure of the action

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Monitoring and diffusion

Engineering Schools Level

University Level

Inter Campus Level



Methodology and structure of the action

Subjects in which the methodology will be applied (engineering)

- Crop Production
- Agribusiness Marketing
- Bioenergy
- Biotechnological processes
- Biofuels
- Cropping Systems





Results

Indicators, evidences of the results according to the initial objectives of the innovation teaching project

Results	Indicators	Evidences
To get close the	Real cases of the	Publication of the case
students to the labour	companies will be	in Moodle platform
market through the	designed for the	
subject practices.	students	
To solve real cases	The assessment and	Report of the students
from enterprises, to	solution of the case	about the case
bring the concepts to	drives the student to	analyzed
the students with the	the concepts of the	
flipped classroom	subject	
methodology		
Link the students to	A selected sample of	The webpage of the
the enterprises,	students solutions are	University will present
presenting solutions	presented to the	the solutions selected
for real problems	involved enterprises	(providing company
		authorizes)





Main drawbacks and learned lessons

- The lack of alignment between the problems that the companies need to solve and the curricula of the students in general and the subject's content in particular
- Technological companies are reluctant to share their problems with the University
- Difficult but not imposible for fundamental subjects
- Difficult with students of very different intelectual level
- Bolonia process and autonomous learning is in the papers but not in the classroom (15 years later!!)
- This activity must substitute another one







Main results and conclusions

- Higher motivation of the students that could drive to a higher students performance
 - Students actively participate in the process of design their own subject practices
- Better monitoring and assessment of the subject practices
- The use of ICTs, which are familiar technologies for the students, helps them to face the problems of the engineering
- The flipped methodology proposed promotes a collaborative and autonomous learning
 - The autonomous learning precedes the collaborative learning
 - There is a feedback between students regarding the solutions proposed to the cases
- The interaction between the teachers involved in the teaching innovation group, helped to improve the methodology
 - Necessary to include a feedback from the rest of the academic community at the international level







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